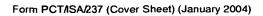
PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

To:				PCT		
see form PCT/ISA/220				WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORIT (PCT Rule 43 <i>bis</i> .1)		
				Date of mailing (day/month/year)	see form PCT/ISA/210 (second sheet)	
	licant's or agent's file			FOR FURTHE See paragraph 2 l		
	national application		International filing date (a 26.03.2004	l lay/month/year)	Priority date (day/month/year) 28.03.2003	ar)
	national Patent Clas 1R29/12	ssification (IPC) or	both national classification	and IPC		
	licant					
	non Kabushir	KI KAISHA				
1.	This opinion co	ontains indicati	ons relating to the folk	owing items:		
	· ·		_	3		
	Box No. I Box No. II Box No. II	Basis of the operation	Dinion			
	Box No. III	•	ment of opinion with reas	ard to novelty, inve	ntive step and industrial applicability	
	Box No. IV	Lack of unity of		ard to noverty, inve		
	Box No. V	Reasoned sta		.1(a)(i) with regard supporting such	I to novelty, inventive step or industrial statement	
	☐ Box No. VI	Certain docun	nents cited			
	☐ Box No. VII	Certain defect	s in the international app	lication		
	☐ Box No. VIII	Certain observ	ations on the internation	al application		
2.	FURTHER ACT	TION	·			
	written opinion of the applicant ch	of the Internatior looses an Autho lreau under Rule	al Preliminary Examining rity other than this one to	g Authority ("IPEA" be the IPEA and	will usually be considered to be a '). However, this does not apply where the chosen IPEA has notifed the rnational Searching Authority	
	If this opinion is, as provided above, considered to be a written opinion of the IPEA, the applicant is invited to submit to the IPEA a written reply together, where appropriate, with amendments, before the expiration of three months from the date of mailing of Form PCT/ISA/220 or before the expiration of 22 months from the priority date, whichever expires later.					
For further options, see Form PCT/ISA/220.						
3.	For further deta	ils, see notes to	Form PCT/ISA/220.			
			<u>.</u>			
Nar	ne and mailing addre	ess of the ISA:		Authorized Office	Section 9.	Blanta Ay
		Patent Office - G	tschiner Str. 103	Ernet M		M
	D-10958 Tel. +49 :	Berlin 30 25901 - 0		Ernst, M	.	יע
		30 25901 - 840		Telephone No. +4	9 30 25901-627	124 <i>00 - ₆₂</i>



WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY

10/551112 International application No. PCT/JP2004/004342

_				28 SEP 2003
_	Box N	lo. I	Basis of the opinion	
1.			d to the language , this opinion has been estab ge in which it was field, unless otherwise indica	lished on the basis of the international application in ated under this item.
	la	ngua		ranslation from the original language into the following urnished for the purposes of international search
2.			d to any nucleotide and/or amino acid seque to the claimed invention, this opinion has been	ence disclosed in the international application and established on the basis of:
	a. type	of n	material:	
		a s	sequence listing	
		tab	ole(s) related to the sequence listing	•
	b. form	nat of	of material:	
		in w	written format	
		in c	computer readable form	•
	c. time	of fi	iling/furnishing:	
		con	ntained in the international application as filed.	
		filed	d together with the international application in o	computer readable form.
		furr	nished subsequently to this Authority for the pu	rposes of search.
3.	ha co	as be opies	een filed or furnished, the required statements to	copy of a sequence listing and/or table relating thereto that the information in the subsequent or additional does not go beyond the application as filed, as
1	Δdditic	anal d	comments:	

WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY

International application No. PCT/JP2004/004342

				•		
	Box	No. II	Priority			
1.	\boxtimes					
		\boxtimes	copy of the earlier a	application	whose pr	riority has been claimed (Rule 43bis.1 and 66.7(a)).
			translation of the ea	arlier appli	cation who	ose priority has been claimed (Rule 43bis.1 and 66.7(b)).
		Consec neverth	quently it has not be neless been establisl	en possib hed on the	le to consi e assumpti	der the validity of the priority claim. This opinion has ion that the relevant date is the claimed priority date.
2.	This opinion has been established as if no priority had been claimed due to the fact that the priority claim has been found invalid (Rules 43 <i>bis</i> .1 and 64.1). Thus for the purposes of this opinion, the international filing date indicated above is considered to be the relevant date.					
3.	Add	itional c	bservations, if nece	ssary:		
		No. V	Reasoned staten	nent und	er Rule 43 xplanatio	Sbis.1(a)(i) with regard to novelty, inventive step or ns supporting such statement
1.	Stat	ement				
	Nov	elty (N)		Yes: No:	Claims Claims	5,6,7 1-4,8,9
	Inve	entive st	ep (IS)	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	1-9
	Indu	ustrial a	pplicability (IA)	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	1-9

see separate sheet

10/551112

JC20 Rec PT/PTO 28 SEP 2005 International application No.

WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY (SEPARATE SHEET)

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Re Item V

Reasoned statement with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

- 1. Reference is made to the following documents:
 - D1: RIEHL P.S.: "Microsystems for Electrostatic Sensing" DISSERTATION, [Online] November 2002 (2002-11), page 1-8,32-40,79-84, XP002289224 UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY Retrieved from the Internet: URL:http://www-bsac.eecs.berkeley.edu/publ ications/search/send_publication_pdf2clien t.php?pubID=1040564878> [retrieved on 2004-07-20]
 - D2: EP-A-1 003 044 (XEROX CORP) 24 May 2000 (2000-05-24)

Remark: The application does not meet the requirements of Article 6 PCT, because claims 1, 2, 5, 7 and 9 are not clear.

The terms "... shutter can **assume** a ... state" (claims 1, 2, 5, 7 and 9), "the electrode is exposed ... **wider**" respectively "... **narrower**" (claims 1, 2 and 9) and "electrode ... **formed in plural parts**" (claim 2) are vague and not clear.

- 2. The present application does not meet the criteria of Article 33(1) PCT, because the subject-matter of claims 1 and 9 is not new in the sense of Article 33(2) PCT.
- 2.1. The document D1 discloses with regard to claim 1 (the references in parentheses applying to this document):
- A potential sensor comprising first and second detection electrodes (Fig.5.1 and corresponding cross-section of Fig.5.3, electrodes at V_i and V_i)
- opposed to a potential-measured object of which a potential is to be measured (Fig.5.1, potential indicated by E),
- and a movable shutter so positioned between said detection electrodes and said potential-measured object with gaps thereto (Fig.5.1, "Shutter" and Fig.5.3, light-grey structure);
- wherein said movable shutter can assume a first state and a second state (Fig.5.1, array at shutter and Fig.5.3: shutter moves in x-direction),

AUTHORITY (SEPARATE SHEET)

- said first detection electrode is exposed to the potential-measured object wider when said movable shutter assumes the first state than when said movable shutter assumes the second state, and said second detection electrode is exposed to the potential-measured object narrower when said movable shutter assumes the first state than when said movable shutter assumes the second state (Fig.5.1 and Fig.5.3, moving of shutter in x-direction; and p.81, last 2 lines).
- 2.2. The document D1 discloses with regard to claim 9 (the references in parentheses applying to this document):
- A potential measuring method comprising:
- a step of positioning a potential sensor including first and second electrodes (Fig.5.1 and corresponding cross-section of Fig.5.3, electrodes at V_{i+} and V_{i-})
- and a movable shutter for selectively masking said two electrodes (Fig.5.1, "Shutter" and Fig.5.3, light-grey structure),
- in which said movable shutter can assume a first state and a second state (Fig.5.1, array at shutter and Fig.5.3: shutter moves in x-direction),
- said first electrode is exposed wider when said movable shutter assumes the first state than when said movable shutter assumes the second state, and said second electrode is exposed narrower when said movable shutter assumes the first state than when said movable shutter assumes the second state (Fig.5.1 and Fig.5.3, moving of shutter in x-direction; and p.81, last 2 lines),
- and a potential-measured object in such a manner that said movable shutter is positioned between said potential sensor and said potential-measured object (Fig.5.1, potential indicated by E); and
- a step of switching said movable shutter between said first and said second state (p.80, par.5.2.1, lines 1 to 4),
- and measuring a potential of said potential-measured object based on a change in an electrostatic capacitance generated between said first and second electrodes and said potential-measured object (abstract p.1, first paragraph).
- 3. Dependent claims 2 to 8 do not contain any features which, in combination with the features of any claim to which they refer, meet the requirements of the PCT in respect of novelty (Article 33(2) PCT) and/or inventive step (Article 33(3) PCT), the reasons being as follows:
- 3.1. The additional features of claims 2 (s. Fig.5.3), 3 (s. Fig.3.5), 4 (p.80, par.5.2.1:

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"microresonators" utilized as shutters) and 8 (p.1, par.1) are already disclosed in D1 (Article 33(2) PCT).

3.2. The additional features of claims 5 to 7 are related to special implementations of the invention disclosed in the application concerning the use of an alternative driver component. Howerever the skilled person is aware of the fact, that there are several ways of building the driver component (see e.g. D2, par.[0011]) and that one quite compact way is by the use of magnetically driven microstructures. This leads directly to additional features like the ones in claims 5 to 7, thus they cannot be considered as involving an inventive step as required und Article 33(3) PCT.